Security Advisory-No: Ext:158-21 18, Sep 2018

Threat Classification: Vulnerability

Overview: Security researchers have discovered another major execution flaw "Foreshadow" in Intel Core and Xeon lines of processor that may leave users vulnerable to cyber-attacks. Foreshadow targets virtual machines and SGX (Software Guards Extensions) in addition to data stored in operating system's kernel.

Affected Services/Application:

- Intel
- Microsoft
- Oracle
- Cloud services (Microsoft Azure)
- Amazon Web Service
- Google Compute Engine

Technical Analysis:

- 1) Capabilities of Foreshadow: Foreshadow attacks allow a hacker or malicious application to gain access to the sensitive data stored in a computer's memory or third-party clouds including files, encryption keys, pictures or passwords.
 - a) Bug attack allows an unauthorized attacker to steal information residing in protected portion of a chip's core memory.
 - b) Flaw targets virtualization environments being used by large cloud computing providers like Amazon and Microsoft.
 - c) These flaws also disclose sensitive information residing in cache.
 - d) Foreshadow bug assist a malicious program running on the computer to read parts of the kernel's data and other programs.

2) Common Vulnerabilities and Exposure:

- a) Intel Software Guard Extensions (SGX) CVE-2018-3615.
- b) Operating systems and System Management Mode (SMM) CVE-2018-3620
- c) Virtualization software and Virtual Machine Monitors (VMM) CVE-2018-3620

Recommendations:

- a) Install security updates from operating system/ virtualization vendors.
- b) Advised to regularly visit company's website for release of latest security patches.
- c) In case of any incident, please report to this office.